METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE: Common pure-component properties density *d* at 1 temperature and pressure

Guided Data Capture (GDC)



This tutorial describes METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE: for Common pure-component properties 1: density d at 1 temperature and pressure with the Guided Data Capture (GDC) software.

NOTE:

The tutorials proceed sequentially to ease the descriptions. It is not necessary to enter *all* compounds before entering *all* samples, etc.

Compounds, samples, properties, etc., can be added or modified at any time.

However, the hierarchy must be maintained (i.e., a property cannot be entered, if there is no associated sample or compound.)

The experimental data used in this example is from:

J. Chem. Eng. Data 1999, 44, 203-208

Azeotropic Behavior in the System Methanol + Methyl 1,1-Dimethylethyl Ether

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Vapor—liquid equilibrium for the binary system methanol + methyl 1,1-dimethylethyl ether has been measured at 50, 78.4, and 94 kPa. The system presents a minimum boiling point azeotrope that is enriched in the ether when the pressure decreases. The activity coefficients and boiling points of the solutions were correlated with its composition by the Wohl, Wilson, UNIQUAC, NRTL, and Wisniak–Tamir equations.

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Density for *T* = 298.15 K and *p* = 101.3 kPa for **methanol**





Property Group selection



Property selection



Units selection

Property and experimental method for methanol	×
Help	
Property group: Volumetric properties	-
Property: Specific density]
Units:]
kg/m3 g/cm3 lb/tt3 AL_OTHER UNITS Method of measurement: Units field.	
Experimental purpose:	-
2. SELECT from the menu; g/cm ³ here	
Connect	1
(optional)	
1-Variable data 2-Variable data	
One data point Cancel	

Method selection

🖣 Property and experimental method for methanol	I		
Help			
Property group: Volumetric properties	1		
Property: Specific density Method of	ā 👘		
measurement field	-		
Units: g/cm3			
Method of measurement: Vibrating tube method			
Pycnometric method	-		
Experimental purpose: Buoyancy method			
Vibrating tube method Usochoric PVT measurement			
Other PV, measurement Burnett 4 Cansion technique			
Constant-tolume 2 SELECT the Method of			
Other experiments 2. SELLECT the second of			
measurement from the menu, which			
best describes your experiment:			
vest deserrises your experiment,			
Comment Vibrating tube method, here.			
NOTE: <i>Other</i> is an option. A one sentence description or a			
voforen og ig often odegrede in thig eege			
reference is often adequate in this case.			

Method detail selection



Experimental purpose selection

Property and experimental method for	r methanol 📃 🗖 🗙
Help	
Property group: Volumetric properties	1. CLICK in the
Property: Specific density	Experimental purpose field.
Units: g/cm3	
Method of measurement: Vibrating tube method	Details
Experimental purpose:	
Comme (optiona Determined for identification of data point I-Variable data	et of other objective) a synthesized compound 2. SELECT the Purpose from the menu. 2-Variable data One data point Cancel

Specification of phase, temperature, and value

1. SELECT the Phase for the property value from the list provided. (*Liquid* here)

🖣 Specific density at fixed condit	tions	
Substance: methanol		▼ Sample # 1 ▼
Property set # 1 Phase 1: Liquid		•
ndependent variable: Temper Value: 298.15 K	ature	Uncertainty:
Property value 0.78732 g/cm3	Precision:	No of determinations:
	2. TYPE the temper SELECT the Unit f	ature Value and from the menu.
Comment to this record:		
3. TYPE the Prope value; 0.78732 her	erty e.	Accept Cancel

Form is complete...

Substance: methanol	1. Include approximateUncertainties, if known.
Property set # 1 Phase 1: Liquid Independent variable: Temperature Value: 298.15 K	Uncertainty:
0.78732 g/cm3	Precision: No of determinations: 2. CLICK Accept
Comment to this record: Property and method	Accept Cancel
NOTE: For a sing is assumed to be <i>p</i>	gle density value, the pressure = 101.3 kPa.





Continue with other compounds, samples, properties, reactions, etc...

or save your file and exit the program.