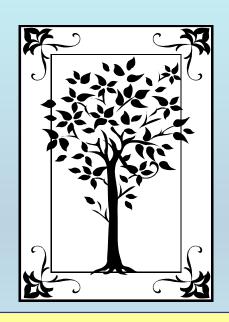
METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE: DENSITY = f(T,p,x)

2 - Components and 1 Phase

Guided Data Capture (GDC)



This tutorial describes

METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE:

for 2-components and 1 phase DENSITY (kg/m³)

with the Guided Data Capture (GDC) software.

NOTE:

The tutorials proceed sequentially to ease the descriptions. It is not necessary to enter *all* compounds before entering *all* samples, etc.

Compounds, samples, properties, etc., can be added or modified at any time.

However, the hierarchy must be maintained (i.e., a property cannot be entered, if there is no associated sample or compound.)

The experimental data used in this example is from:

J. Chem. Eng. Data 2002, 47, 233-238

High-Pressure Volumetric Behavior of x 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane + (1-x) 2,5,8,11,14-Pentaoxapentadecane (TEGDME) Mixtures

María J. P. Comuñas, †,‡ Antoine Baylaucq,‡ Christian Boned,‡ Xavier Canet,‡ and Josefa Fernández*,†

Laboratorio de Propiedades Termofísicas, Departamento de Física Aplicada, Facultad de Física, Universidad de Santiago de Compostela, E-15782 Santiago de Compostela, Spain, and Laboratoire des Fluides Complexes, Faculté des Sciences, BP 1155, F-64013 Pau Cedex, France

This paper reports 1017 new pVT measurements of the x 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) + (1 - x) 2,5,8,11,14-pentaoxapentadecane (TEGDME) system for x = 0.0, 0.1114, 0.2896, 0.3648, 0.5702, 0.6931, 0.7288, 0.8727, 0.9290, and 1 between 10 and 60 MPa in the temperature range 293.15 K to 373.15 K at 5 MPa and 10 K intervals, respectively. In almost all the measurement range, the density of the pure compressed refrigerant is greater than that of the pure polyether. For temperatures higher than 343.15 K, the isocomposition curves for the mixtures show an intersection point. Similar behavior has been previously found for HFC-134a + triethylene glycol dimethyl ether, carbon dioxide + alkane or toluene systems, and mixtures of R-410A with polyolester lubricants. The excess molar volume is negative over the whole composition range at all temperatures and pressures.

233

DENSITY = f(T, p, x)

(2 ñ Components)

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC 134a) + 2,5,8,11,14-Pentaoxapentadecane (TEGDME)

Table 1. Experimental Values of Densities, ρ , for x HFC-134a + $(1-x)$ TEGDME at Different Temperatures, T , a Pressures, ρ
--

	-									
		$\rho/(g \cdot cm^{-3})$ at the following values of T/K								
X	p/MPa	293.15	303.15	313.15	323.15	333.15	343.15	353.15	363.15	373.15
0	0.1	1.0112	1.0018	0.9925	0.9833	0.9740	0.9648	0.9556	0.9469	0.9375
l	5	1.0142	1.0050	0.9959	0.9868	0.9778	0.9687	0.9598	0.9513	0.9423
l	10	1.0172	1.0082	0.9992	0.9903	0.9814	0.9726	0.9639	0.9557	0.9468
l	15	1.0201	1.0113	1.0025	0.9937	0.9850	0.9764	0.9679	0.9598	0.9511
l	20	1.0229	1.0143	1.0055	0.9970	0.9883	0.9800	0.9716	0.9639	0.9552
l	25	1.0257	1.0172	1.0086	1.0001	0.9917	0.9835	0.9752	0.9675	0.9593
1	30	1.0284	1.0200	1.0116	1.0032	0.9950	0.9869	0.9788	0.9712	0.9631
l	35	1.0310	1.0227	1.0144	1.0063	0.9982	0.9901	0.9821	0.9748	0.9669
l	40	1.0336	1.0254	1.0172	1.0091	1.0012	0.9932	0.9855	0.9783	0.9704
l	45	1.0361	1.0281	1.0201	1.0121	1.0042	0.9963	0.9886	0.9815	0.9739
l	50	1.0385	1.0306	1.0226	1.0147	1.0070	0.9993	0.9917	0.9846	0.9771
1	55	1.0410	1.0332	1.0252	1.0175	1.0098	1.0023	0.9947	0.9880	0.9805
l	60	1.0434	1.0355	1.0278	1.0202	1.0126	1.0050	0.9976	0.9910	0.9838
0.1114	10	1.0315	1.0220	1.0124	1.0031	0.9936	0.9844	0.9752	0.9659	0.9564
1	15	1.0345	1.0254	1.0159	1.0067	0.9975	0.9887	0.9794	0.9704	0.9611
l	20	1.0375	1.0285	1.0192	1.0103	1.0011	0.9925	0.9834	0.9746	0.9657
1	25	1.0405	1.0316	1.0223	1.0136	1.0047	0.9962	0.9872	0.9787	0.9699
l	30	1.0433	1.0346	1.0255	1.0169	1.0081	0.9998	0.9911	0.9828	0.9742
	35	1.0461	1.0374	1.0286	1.0201	1.0116	1.0032	0.9947	0.9866	0.9779
l	40	1.0488	1.0403	1.0316	1.0232	1.0148	1.0065	0.9983	0.9903	0.9817
l	45	1.0515	1.0431	1.0345	1.0263	1.0179	1.0099	1.0017	0.9937	0.9854
l	50	1.0541	1.0457	1.0374	1.0291	1.0210	1.0129	1.0050	0.9972	0.9890
l	55	1.0567	1.0485	1.0401	1.0321	1.0241	1.0162	1.0083	1.0006	0.9926
	60	1.0593	1.0510	1.0430	1 0240	1.0200	1.0102	10114	1.0020	0.0055
0.2896	10	1.0563	1.0460	1.0357	The	se dat	a ara	conside	ared he	are TI
	15	1.0598	1.0497	1.0396	1 111	se ual	aare	COHSIU	ci cu ili	

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

1.0632

1.0665

1.0697

1.0728

1.0759

1.0788

1.0818

1.0846

1.0874

1.0533

1.0568

1.0601

1.0634

1.0666

1.0697

1.0727

1.0757

1.0785

1.0434

1.0470

1.0506

1.0540

1.0573

1.0606

1.0637

1.0668

1.0699

These data are considered here. The complete data set is very extensive. Only this portion is used in the example, here.

1.0581	1.0495	1.0410	1.0325	1.0241	1.0157
1.0613	1.0528	1.0443	1.0359	1.0277	1.0194

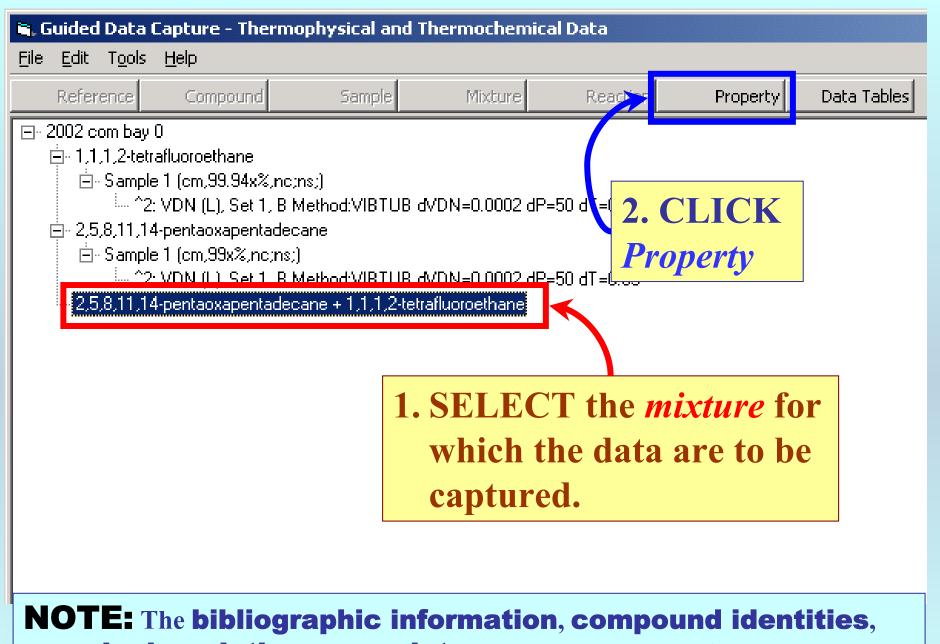
Experimental Method Info:

Vibrating-tube densimeter

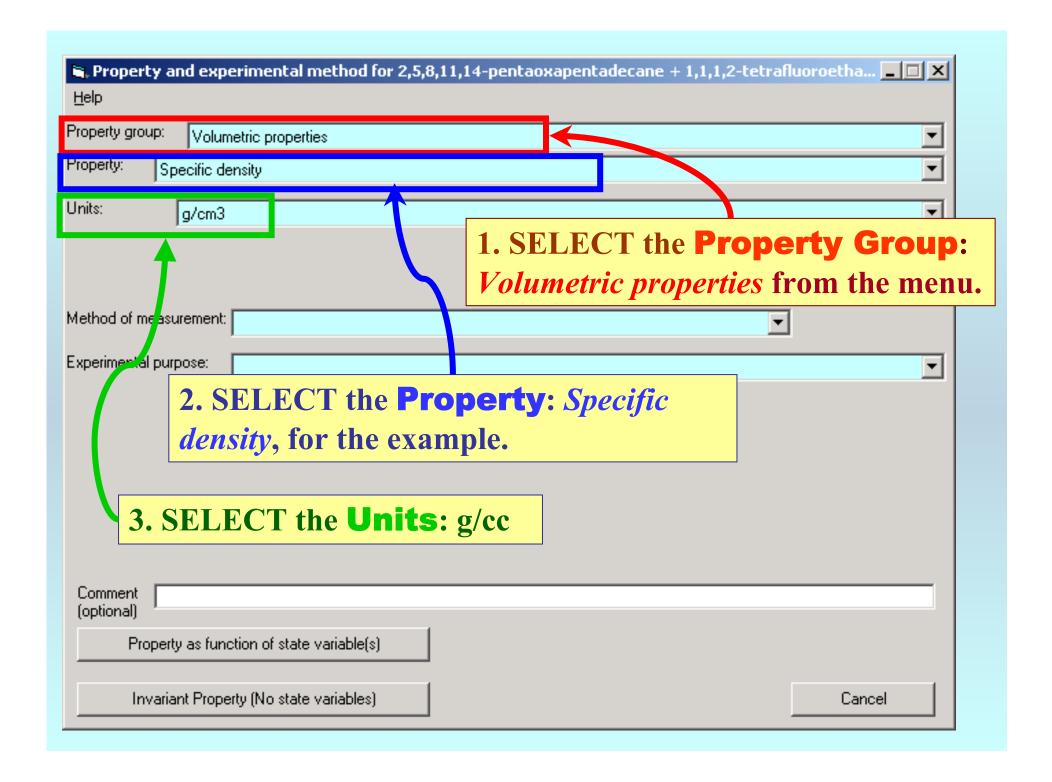
Uncertainty in density = 0.0002 g/cc

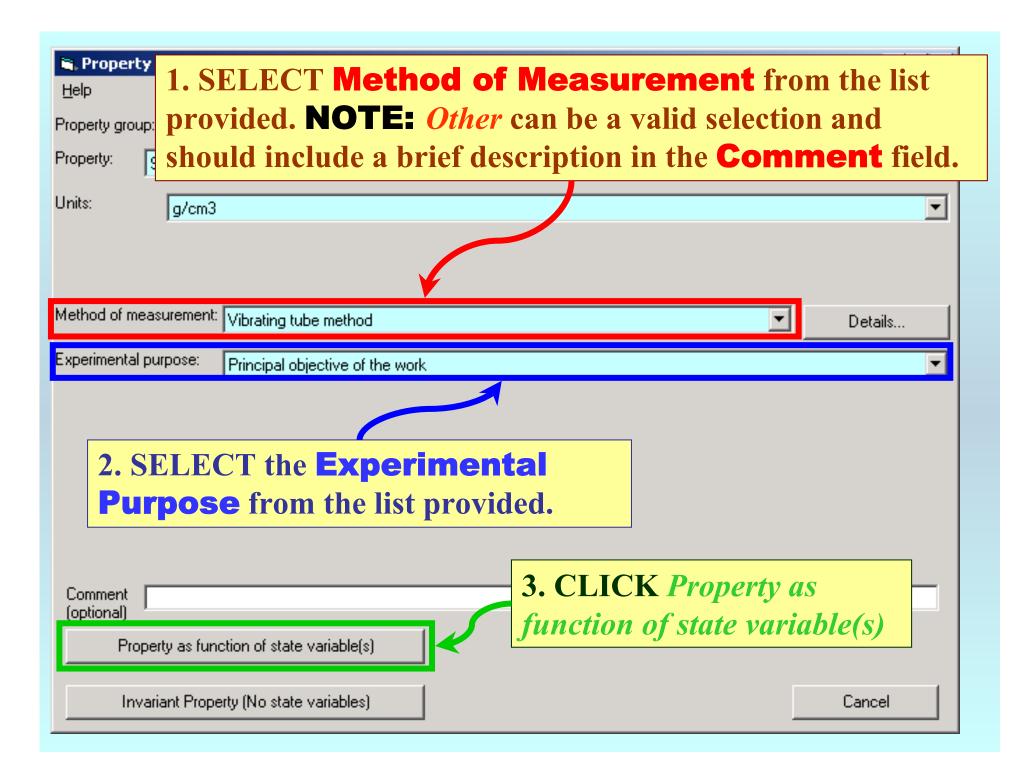
Uncertainty in temperature = 0.05 K

Uncertainty in pressure = 0.05 MPa



NOTE: The bibliographic information, compound identities, sample descriptions, and mixture were entered previously. (There are separate tutorials, which describe capture of this information, if needed.)

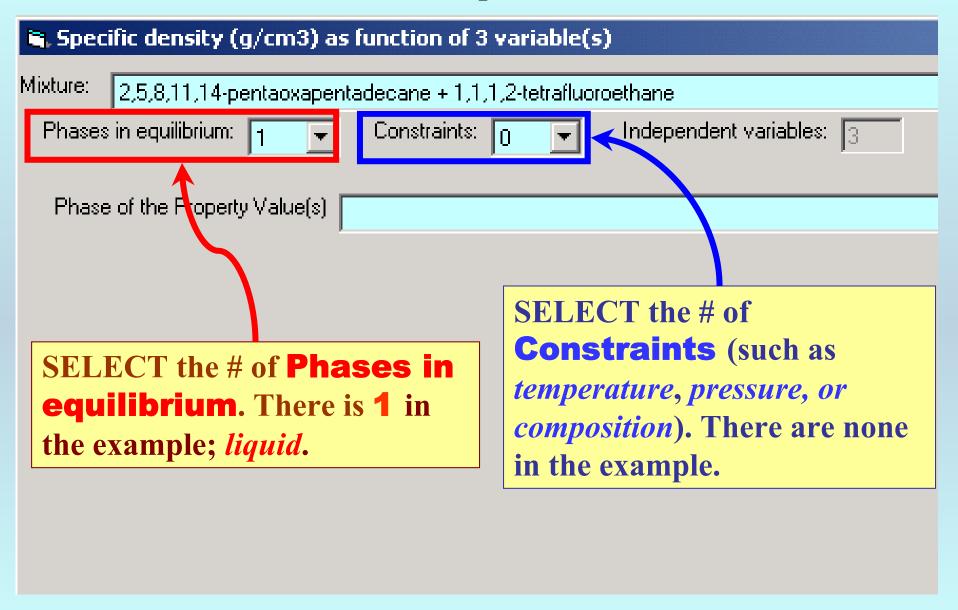


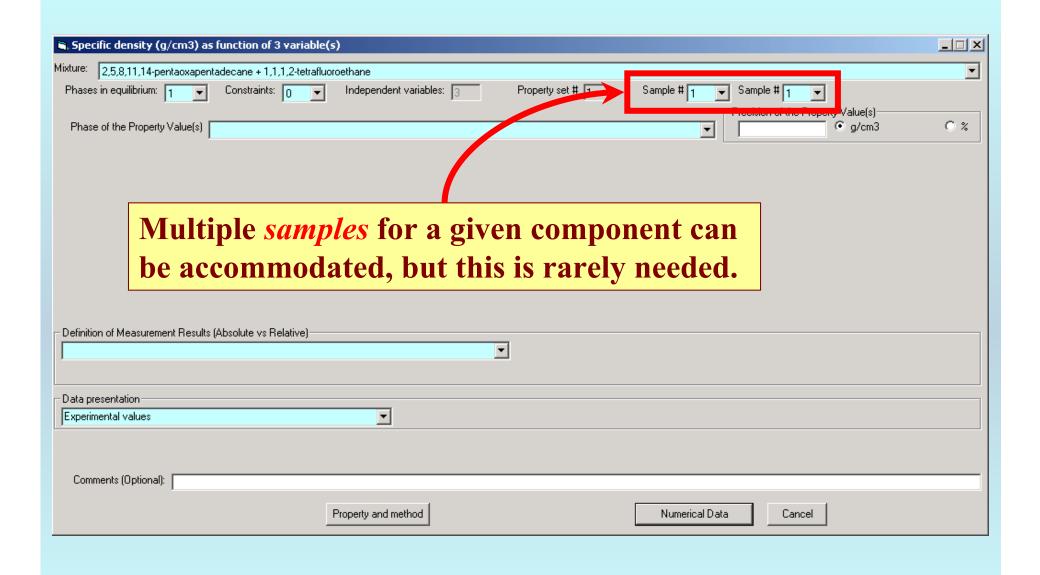


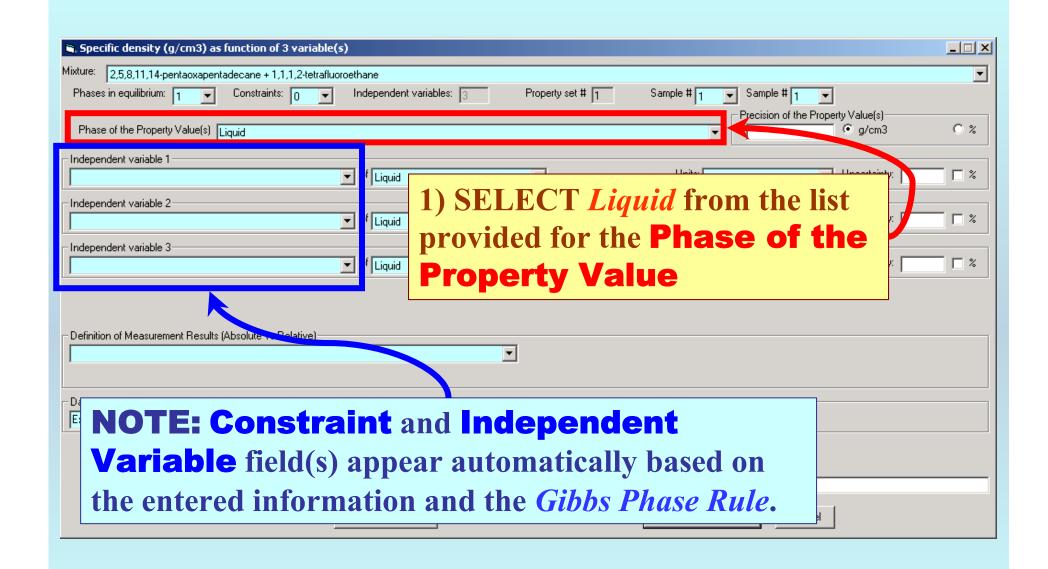
Experiment details	
Select the statements, which are true for the reported measurement	
More than two calibration points used	
	Accept

NOTE: For some methods, additional information is requested.

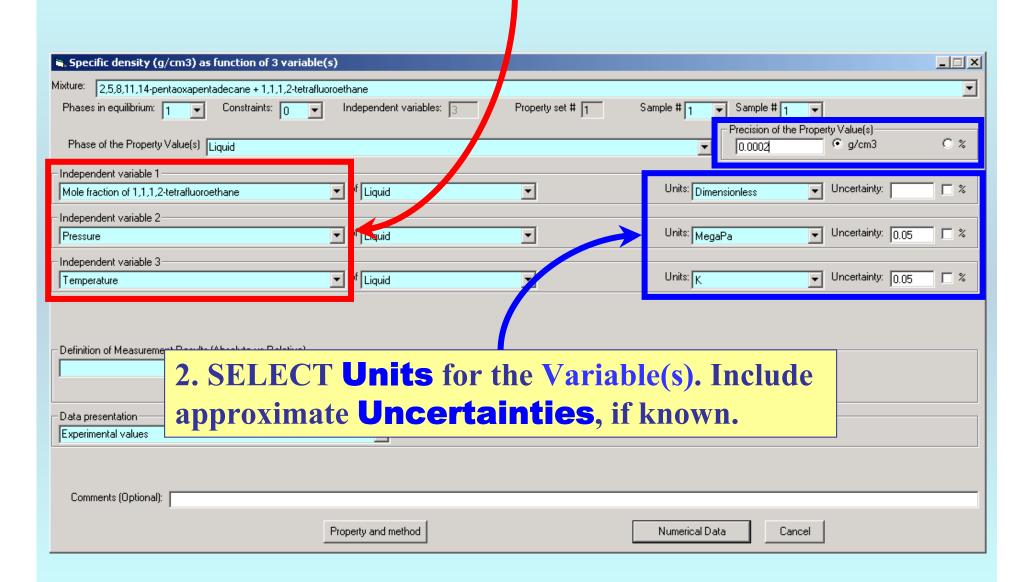
SELECTION of # of Phases in Equilibrium and # of Constraints

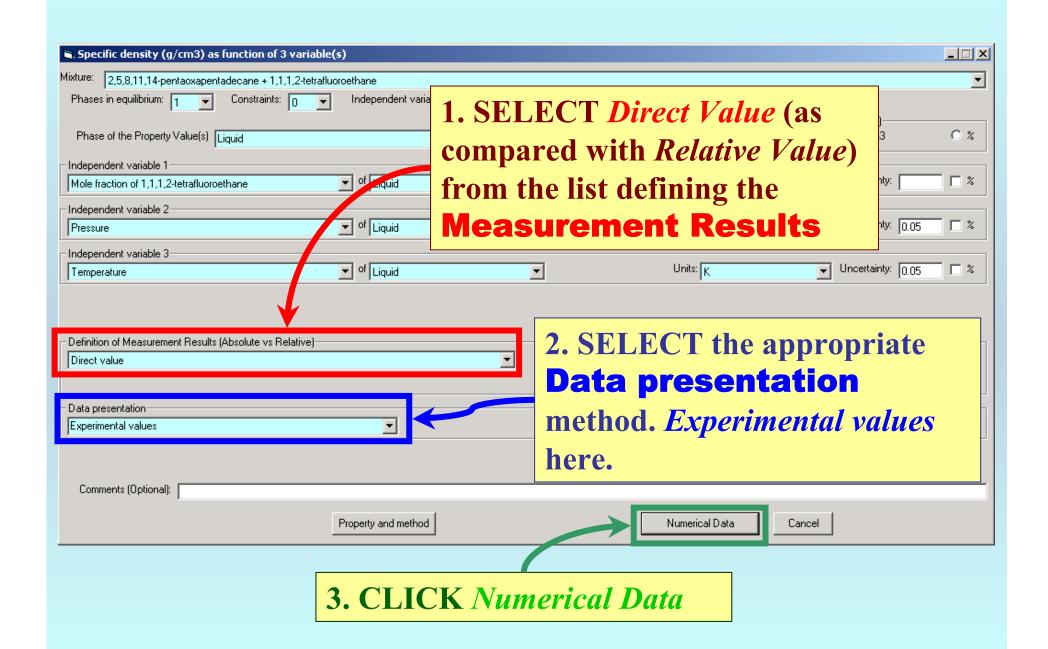


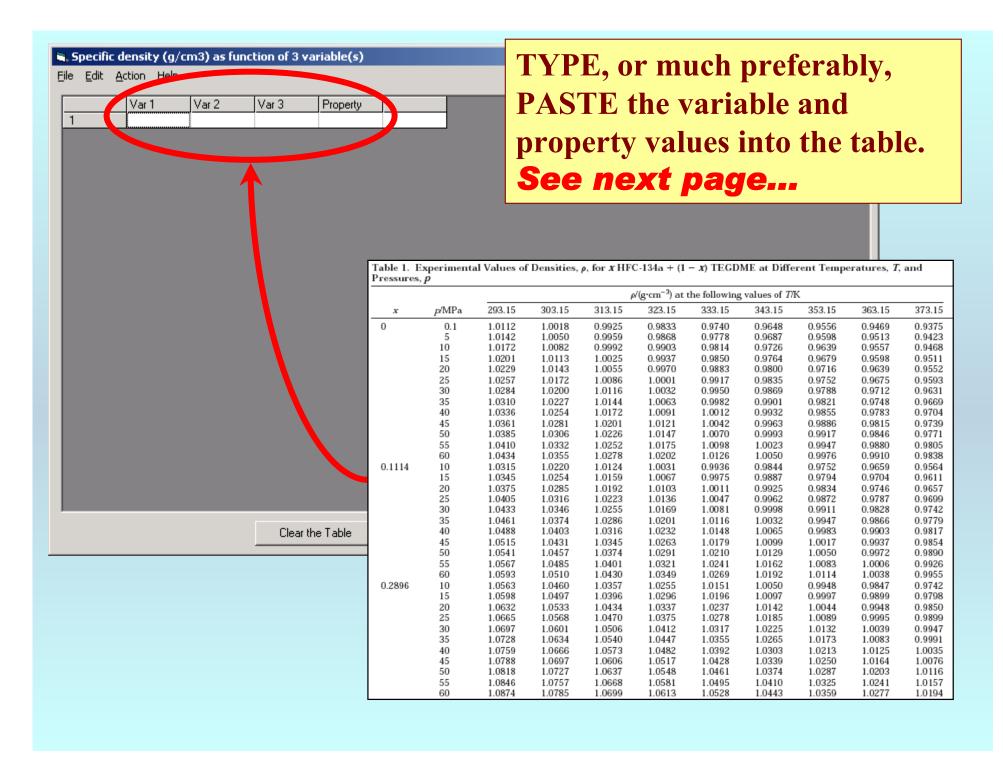


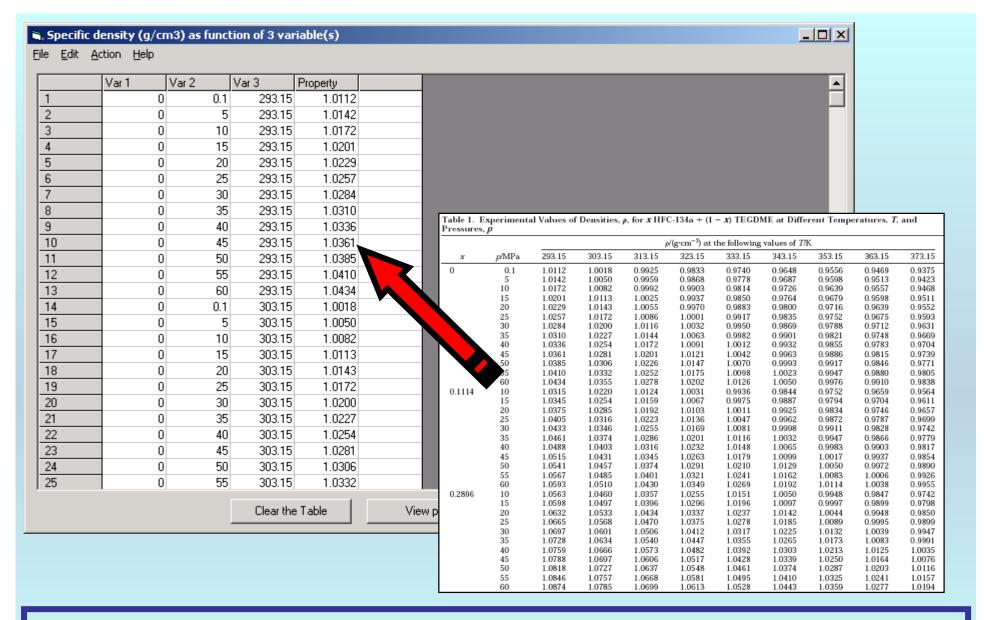


1. SELECT the Independent Variable(s) from the menus.

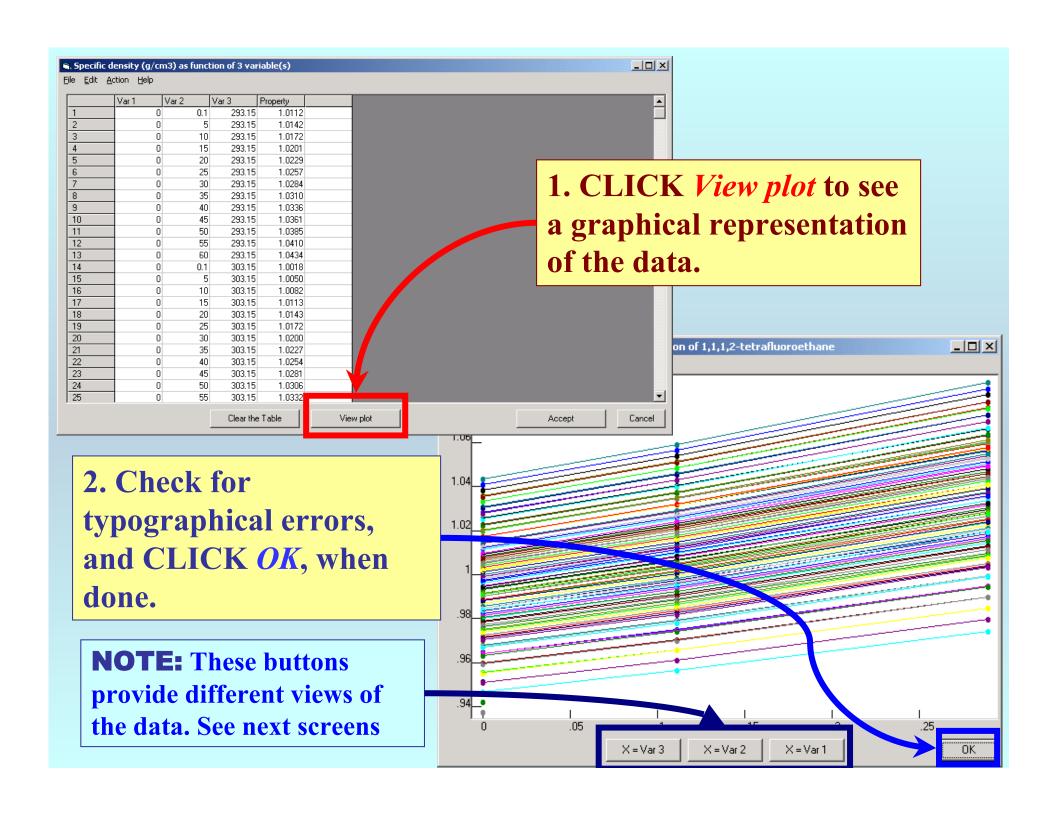


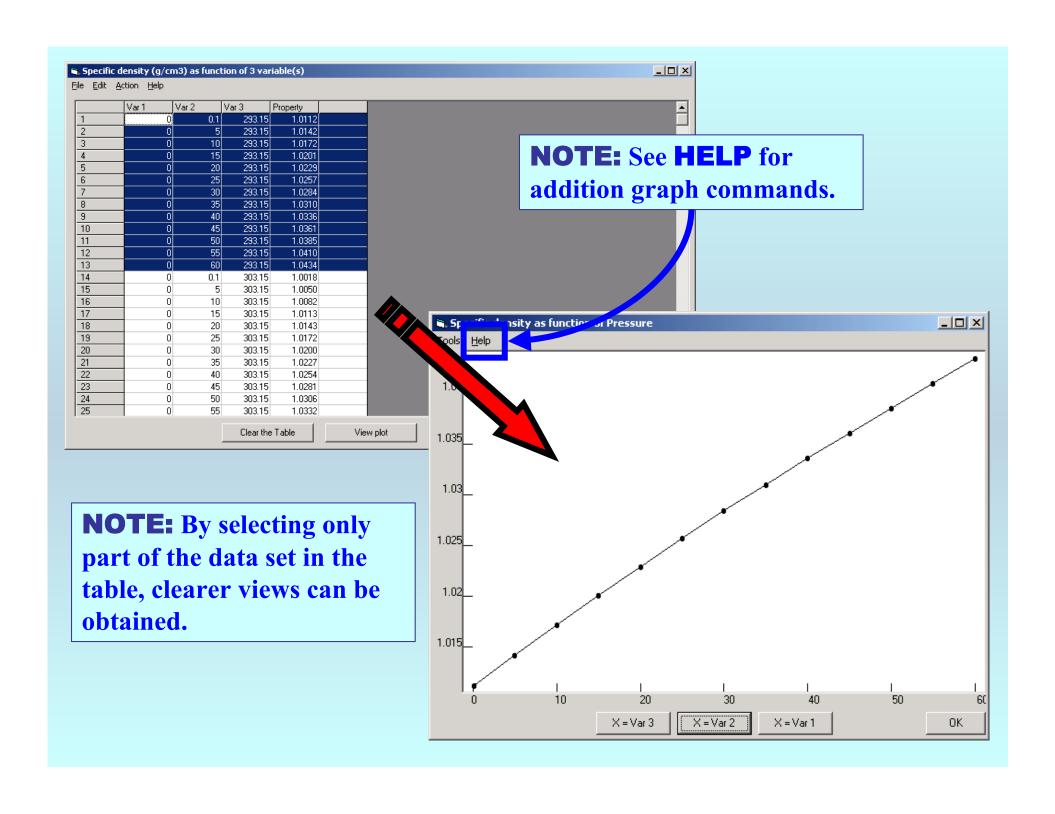


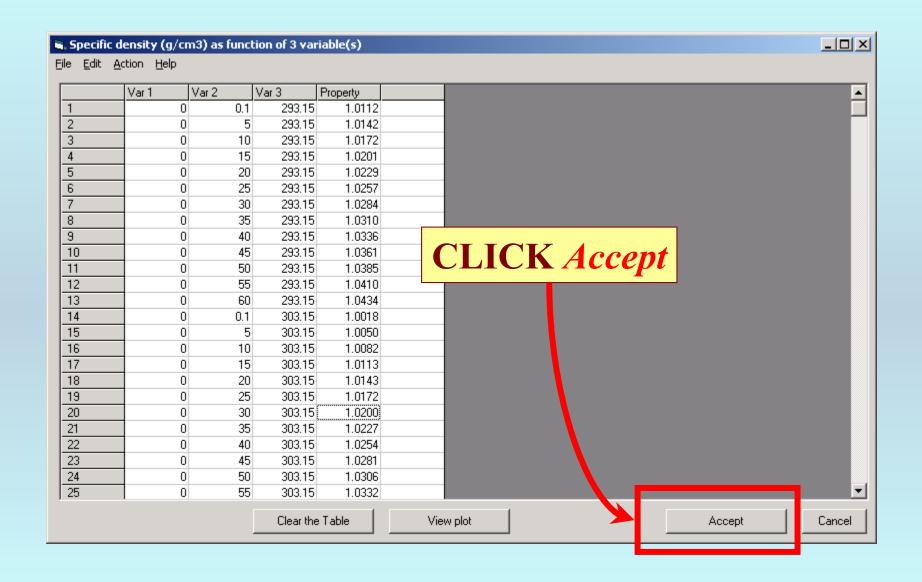


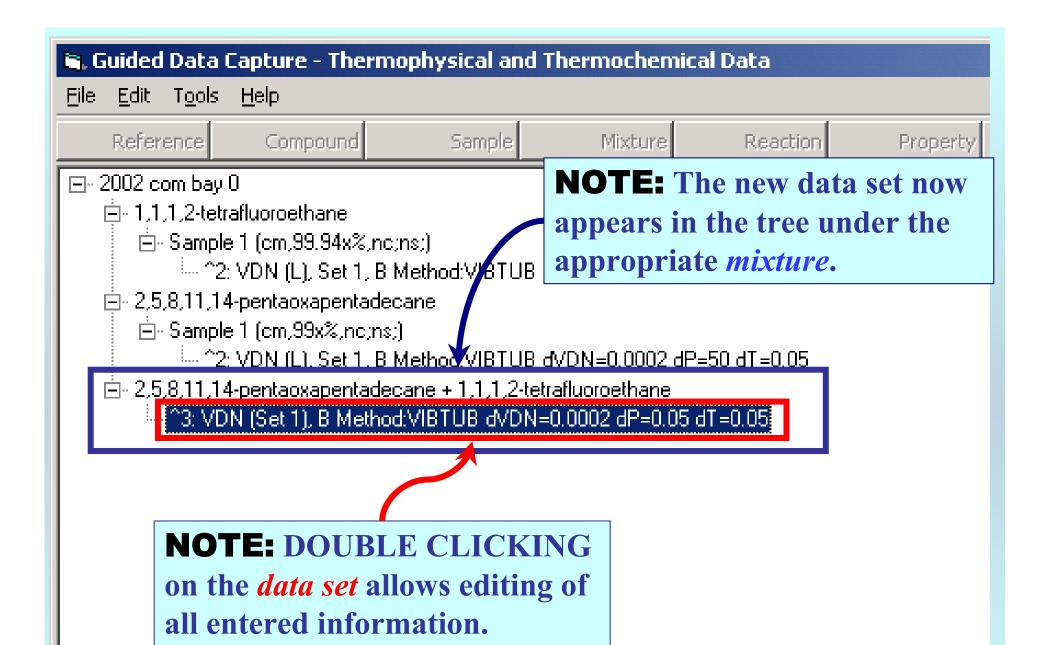


NOTE: Simple CUT/PASTE procedures can be used within the table to convert the original table into the required number of columns. (This can also be done externally in spreadsheet software, e.g., EXCEL.)









END

Continue with other compounds, samples, properties, reactions, etc...

or save your file and exit the program, if all properties have been captured.